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15 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
16
17 EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

18 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

19 Plaintiff,

20 v.

21 SIMEON HERNANDEZ-ORTIZ,

22 Defendant.

23 **CASE NO. 1:20-CR-00039-DAD-BAM**

24 **STIPULATION TO CONTINUE STATUS
25 CONFERENCE AND ORDER THEREON**

26 Date: October 14, 2020

Time: 1:00 p.m.

Honorable Barbara A. McAuliffe

27 The United States of America, by and through MCGREGOR W. SCOTT, United States
28 Attorney, and KATHLEEN A. SERVATIUS, Assistant United States Attorneys, and the defendant, by
and through his respective attorney of record, hereby stipulate to continue the status conference in this
case from October 26, 2020 until December 9, 2020 at 1:00 p.m.

On May 13, 2020, this Court issued General Order 618, which suspends all jury trials in the
Eastern District of California until further notice. This General Order was entered to address public
health concerns related to COVID-19. Further, pursuant to General Order 611 and 620, this Court's
declaration of judicial emergency under 18 U.S.C. § 3174, and the Ninth Circuit Judicial Council's
Order of April 16, 2020 continuing this Court's judicial emergency, this Court has allowed district
judges to continue all criminal matters to a date after May 1, 2021.¹

¹ A judge "may order case-by-case exceptions" at the discretion of that judge "or upon the request of counsel, after consultation with counsel and the Clerk of the Court to the extent such an order will impact court staff and operations." General Order 618, ¶ 7 (E.D. Cal. May 13, 2020).

1 Although the General Orders and declaration of emergency address the district-wide health
2 concern, the Supreme Court has emphasized that the Speedy Trial Act's end-of-justice provision
3 "counteract[s] substantive openendedness with procedural strictness," "demand[ing] on-the-record
4 findings" in a particular case. *Zedner v. United States*, 547 U.S. 489, 509 (2006). "[W]ithout on-the-
5 record findings, there can be no exclusion under" § 3161(h)(7)(A). *Id.* at 507. And moreover, any such
6 failure cannot be harmless. *Id.* at 509; *see also United States v. Ramirez-Cortez*, 213 F.3d 1149, 1153
7 (9th Cir. 2000) (explaining that a judge ordering an ends-of-justice continuance must set forth explicit
8 findings on the record "either orally or in writing").

9 Based on the plain text of the Speedy Trial Act—which *Zedner* emphasizes as both mandatory
10 and inexcusable—General Orders 611, 612, 617, 618, and 620 and the subsequent declaration of judicial
11 emergency require specific supplementation. Ends-of-justice continuances are excludable only if "the
12 judge granted such continuance on the basis of his findings that the ends of justice served by taking such
13 action outweigh the best interest of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial." 18 U.S.C. §
14 3161(h)(7)(A). Moreover, no such period is excludable unless "the court sets forth, in the record of the
15 case, either orally or in writing, its reason or finding that the ends of justice served by the granting of
16 such continuance outweigh the best interests of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial." *Id.*

17 The General Orders and declaration of judicial emergency exclude delay in the "ends of justice."
18 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7) (Local Code T4). Although the Speedy Trial Act does not directly address
19 continuances stemming from pandemics, natural disasters, or other emergencies, this Court has
20 discretion to order a continuance in such circumstances. For example, the Ninth Circuit affirmed a two-
21 week ends-of-justice continuance following Mt. St. Helens' eruption. *Furlow v. United States*, 644 F.2d
22 764 (9th Cir. 1981). The court recognized that the eruption made it impossible for the trial to proceed.
23 *Id.* at 767-68; *see also United States v. Correa*, 182 F. Supp. 326, 329 (S.D.N.Y. 2001) (citing *Furlow* to
24 exclude time following the September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks and the resultant public emergency).
25 The coronavirus is posing a similar, albeit more enduring, barrier to the prompt proceedings mandated
26 by the statutory rules.

27 In light of the societal context created by the foregoing, this Court should consider the following
28 case-specific facts in finding excludable delay appropriate in this particular case under the ends-of-

1 justice exception, § 3161(h)(7) (Local Code T4).² If continued, this Court should designate a new date
2 for the status conference. *United States v. Lewis*, 611 F.3d 1172, 1176 (9th Cir. 2010) (noting any
3 pretrial continuance must be “specifically limited in time”).

4 The parties request that time be excluded between August 24, 2020 and October 26, 2020 for the
5 following reasons: The government has provided discovery, but the method of dissemination to the
6 defense was not without difficulty. The defense has requested additional discovery be provided and the
7 government is attempting to obtain the additional items requested. Defense counsel requires additional
8 time to review the discovery, to conduct additional investigation and legal research, and to confer with
9 her client about how to proceed in this case. The proposed status conference date represents the earliest
10 date that all counsel are available thereafter, taking into account counsel’s schedule, defense counsel’s
11 commitments to other clients, and the need for preparation in the case and further investigation. In
12 addition, the public health concerns cited by General Orders 611, 612, 617, 618, and 620 and presented
13 by the evolving COVID-19 pandemic, an ends-of-justice delay is particularly apt in this case because
14 counsel or other relevant individuals have been encouraged to telework and minimize personal contact
15 to the greatest extent possible. It will be difficult to avoid personal contact should the hearing proceed.

16 The parties further believe that time should be excluded, in that failure to grant the requested
17 case schedule would unreasonably deny the defendants continuity of counsel, and unreasonably deny
18 both the defendants and the government the reasonable time necessary for effective preparation, taking
19 into account the parties’ due diligence in prosecuting this case. 18 U.S.C. Section 3161(h)(7)(B)(iv).
20 Based on the above-stated findings, the ends of justice served by the schedule as requested outweigh the
21 interest of the public and the defendant in a trial within the original date prescribed by the Speedy Trial
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27 2 The parties note that General Order 612 acknowledges that a district judge may make
28 “additional findings to support the exclusion” at the judge’s discretion. General Order 612, ¶ 5 (E.D.
Cal. March 18, 2020).

1 Act. Therefore, the parties request that the Court exclude the time between October 26, 2020 and
2 December 9, 2020 from calculations under the Speedy Trial Act.

3 Dated: October 6, 2020

MCGREGOR W. SCOTT
United States Attorney

5 */s/ Kathleen A. Servatius*
6 KATHLEEN A. SERVATIUS
7 Assistant United States Attorney

8 Dated: October 6, 2020

RUZANNA POGHOSYAN
9 RP DEFENSE LAW, APC

10 */s/ Ruzanna Poghosyan*
11 RUZANNA POGHOSYAN
12 Attorney for SIMEON HERNANDEZ-ORTIZ

ORDER

13 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the status conference in this case be continued from October 26,
14 2020 until **December 9, 2020 at 1:00 p.m. before Magistrate Judge Barbara A. McAuliffe.**

15 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT the ends of justice served by the schedule set forth herein as
16 requested outweigh the interest of the public and the defendants in a trial within the original date
17 prescribed by the Speedy Trial Act for the reasons stated in the parties' stipulation. For the purpose of
18 computing time under the Speedy Trial Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3161, et seq., within which trial must
19 commence, the time period of October 26, 2020 until December 9, 2020, inclusive, is deemed
20 excludable pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(A), B(iv) because it results from a continuance granted by
21 the Court at the parties' request on the basis of the Court's finding that the ends of justice served by
22 taking such action outweigh the best interest of the public and the defendant in a speedy trial.

23 IT IS SO ORDERED.

24 Dated: October 7, 2020

/s/ Barbara A. McAuliffe

25 UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE